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SUPPLEMENT TO REPORT NO.

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Relationship between the Soviet Control Commission (SCC) and the Last German Government

- 1. In a speech made before the members of the rrovisional Government of the German Democratic Repullic on 11 November 1949 and carried verbatim in the German press, General V. I. Chuikov announced the formation of the Soviet Control Commission Germany and, in his capacity as first Chief of SCC, gave the following data on its functions and relations ship to the East German Covernments
 - With the SCC Germany established, the SMA and its administrative offices in the Soviet Zone Laender and in Berlin cease to function. Their functions will be taken over by the corresponding German ministries and government agencies.
 - The SCC is to supervise the execution of the Potsdam agreements and all other Four-Power agreements on Germany.
 - (1) Chuikov said that the SCC will confine itself to the prevention of measures contradictory to the Four-Fower agreements on Germany's demilitarization and democratization and her obligations for reparations. It will also demand from the German Government agencies necessary information and will restrict itself to the control of foreign relations and foreign trade placed under the jurisdiction of German authorities. In other words, Chuikov's declaration indicated that the government function of the SMA in Berlin and the Soviet fone Lander has formally been replaced by a mere control function. There is no doubt, however, that the Soviet fone of Germany is as completely subject to Moscow's orders as are the other factability for the state of orders as are the other Satellite Countries, although no reports or documents are available to confirm this observation.
 - (2) Since the SCC replaced the SMA and therefore is to be considered the successor of the SMA, it also of no consequence whether or not any organizational changes such as

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simplifications or reductions of personnel have been or are being effected. The situation in the Soviet Zone of Germany remains virtually the same.

- (3) No information is yet available on the organization of the SCC and its influence on the most German Government, the Soviet Zone Laender Governments and German administrative authorities. It is believed that at each German ministry and administrative agency of the Fast Garman Government and the Laender Governments there exists a corresponding SCC office which must be consulted before any important decision is made,
- (4) Another safeguard to effect the political moscow-ordered coordination and guarantee obedience to Soviet Political line is the fact that the majority of the German personnel are members of the SED (Socialist Unity Farty) or of one of the other parties belonging to the pro-Soviet National Front.

Organization and Key rersonalities of the SCC

- 2. Available information coes not indicate whether the SCC was organized on the STA rattern and whether STA key personalities were taken over by the SCC. The following facts are based on newspaper dispatches and radio broadcasts:
 - a. Central Staff of the SCC Garmany:

The following personalities were appointed by the Council of Einisters of the USSR, according to Radio MOSCOW (7 November 1949) and Izvestiya (7 November 1949):

General Chuikov as Chief of SCC Germany, retaining his appointment as CinC of Soviet Occupation Forces Germany (previously Chief of SMA Germany);

Ivan Fedorovich Semichastnov as First Deputy Chief of SCC Germany (previously minister of Foreign Trade of the USSR).

S. Semenov as Political Advisor to the Chief of SCC Germany (veteran member of LGB and LGB representative at the Soviet Embassy, Stockholm, during the war).
The application of Semichastnov indicates that the Soviet Union is trying to improve trade relations between the Soviet Union of Germany, the Soviet Union and the other Satellite Countries. Since they tend to keep the actually influential persons in the background, the Soviets may have appointed Semenov as Second Deputy 'Unief of SCC, while he may actually direct the LCC.

The following personalities were repeatedly mentioned by Soviet news, apers (Sov. Armiya and Sov. Slovo) in December 1949 to be SCC representatives in Germany:

A.F. Kabanov (mentioned as Deputy Chief of SCC)

K. Y. Kovel (mentioned as Deputy Chief of SCC), he was formerly Deputy Thief of SEA in charge of economic questions.

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I.I. Ilyichev, unknown

The following personalities were no longer mentioned as members of the SCC:

Lt. Gen Dratvin, the former Deputy Chief of SMA General Lukianchenko, the former CofS of SMA

The two generals were last mentioned on 14 November 1949, by Radio which, in their "former" capacities.
Officers known to have been members of the SMA command may not have been taken over by the SCC which, therefore, may now be directed chiefly by non-military persons (politicians and economists).

b. Key personalities of the SCC in the Soviet Zone Leender. The following SMA chiefs in the Soviet Zone Laender were last mentioned in the press in November 1949 when the administrative functions of the SMA were taken over by the governments of the Soviet Zone Laender:

Maj. Gen. Therov, Chief of SMA Brandenburg

Maj. con. Usov, Chief of SMA Mecklenburg

Maj. Gen. Bubrovski, Chief of SMA Sexony

Maj. Gen. Panchuk, member of SMA Saxony-Anhalt (possibly Chief of the SMA)

Maj. Gen. Kolesnichenko, Chief of SMA Thuringie.

In reports received since that time the following officers were centioned in conjunction with the SCC:

(1) General Kotikov, Berlin City Commandent and formerly Chief of SMA Berlin (Radio Berlin, on 24 December 1949 quoted General Kotikov as representative of the SCC Berlin).

25X1X (2) Maj. Gen. Dubrovski moved from Radebeul to Dresden ('Aldschloesschen ('Warter) in late November 1949. At the same time SCC office moved into the buildings of the former central kommandatura on Hospitalstrasse and several buildings in the Caldschloesschen ('Warter, It is assumed from this report that Maj. Gen. Dubrovski has been appointed Chief of SCC Saxony.

Other generals, known to have been Chiefs of SMA of the Soviet Hone Laender, may also have remained in their positions in the CCC. There is no information that they were recalled.

c. No information is available on a pointments in lowerlevel offices of the former SMA, such as central, country or town kommandatures. There was only one report (F, Lecember 1949) to indicate that no change of personnel was made in the Soviet Central Kommandature in Berlin now transferred to Karlshorst.

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3. Location of principal Offices and approximate strength of the Central CCC and of the five Land Commissions.

a. No information is available on the locations of major SCC offices and the approximate strength of the SCC. Such offices may be at or near the East German Covernment or the Eoviet Mone Laender Governments. Soviet-licenced ADM, on 23 November 1949, announced that the Eoviet administrative personnel, an estimated 50,000 persons, would considerably be reduced when the EMA was replaced by the SCC. This reduction, according to several reports, was carried out in 1949, that is, still under the SMA (dissolution or merger of kommandatures or reduction of their personnel).

- b. These measures to save personnel and minor offices are continued by the SCC, as is indicated by a source (F) report on 14 November 1949 that the Stendal Lommandatura was dissolved and its functions were taken over by German administrative offices 25X1X reported at the same time that the Grevesmuehlen (M 54/T 29) kommandatura was to be transferred to Tismar (M 54/T 49).
- 4. Relationship of the LCB to the SCC and the bast German Government. No information available.
- 5. In conclusion it must be stated that the information received since early November 1949 is still insufficient to give a clear picture of the organization, sphere of activities and personnel of the ECC and its relationable to the sest German Government and the EGB.

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